

OMPA PROGRAM 52 SPIROMETRY

Assessment Date

Date

Command Name

Assessment completed by

Date of Command Brief

Clinic Name

Program Purpose Spirometry is the most basic test utilized to measure the ventilatory function of the respiratory system. It plays an important part in prevention of respiratory disease in the workplace. A respiratory medical surveillance program requires that a baseline is established at time of hire and that periodic re-testing occurs based on OSHA regulations or mandates, and Navy requirements. The most important component to the testing sequence is the technician performing the test , that person must be able to guide the worker through the process, obtain the best results on every maneuver and be able to judge the workers effort and cooperation. Without these skills, the test results will be useless and may convey erroneous information that could harm the worker.

Program Goals

The goals of a successful Navy Command or Medical Treatment Facility (MTF) Spirometry Program have many interrelated components between Industrial Hygiene, Safety, and Occupational Medicine. In accordance with references (a) through (f) below, the successful assessment of the medical components:

1. Use Standardized methods to obtain acceptable and reproducible spirograms

2. Maintain a successful Quality Assurance program.

3. Have understanding of and use correctly predicted reference values.

4. Knowledge of types of spirometry machines and understand the standards for equipment.

5. Documenting and maintaining proper records of exams.

6. Counseling/educations concerning identified health risks

SUPPORTING DATA				
Regulations, Instructions, and References Select which type of access you have for each of the references listed				
(a) <u>Pulmonary Function Standards for Cotton Dust Standard</u> (2019) "Pulmonary Function Standards for Cotton Dust Standard"	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(b) <u>Recommendations for a Standardized Pulmonary Function Report</u> , (10/17) "Recommendations for a Standardized Pulmonary Function Report"	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(c) <u>Standardization of Spirometry 2019 Update</u> , (2019)	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(d) <u>Spirometry in Occupational Health—2020,</u> (2020)	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(e) Impact of New Occupational and Clinical Standards on Spirometry, (5/2020)	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(f) DOD Instruction 6055.05M, (8/18) "Occupational Medical Examination and Surveillance Manual"	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(g) <u>NMCPHC TM OEM 6260.9A</u> , (4/17) "Occupational Medicine Field Operations Manual (FOM) "	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
(h) <u>OPNAV 5100.23 series</u> , (6/20) "Navy Safety and Occupational Health (SOH) Program Manual"	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	
	Hardcopy	Electronic	None	

Tracking and Program Management Tools INSTRUCTIONS

This Occupational medicine Program Assessment tool is designed as an interactive self-assessment picture of the program being review. Using the color coded scoring range of 1/RED (absolute system failure and noncompliance) to the highest score 5/GREEN (perfect compliance and best practice methods). Any score 3 or lower will require a validation comment in the space provided. This does not mean you cannot add comments of your choice.

#	Assessment Questions	Response
52.01	Are spirometers meeting current equipment standards? 1. Screen provides both Flow volume and Vo time graphs in real time in a size sufficient to enable effective coaching. 2. Printout must have Flow-v Volume-time, LLN, FVC, FEV1, FEV1/FVC, MEXT/VEXT (back extrapolation), PEF.	
52.02	How many employees are tracked in the Spirometry Program? List programs/stressors where spiron	netry is required.
52.03	Describe below how you do quality controls on the Spirograms? What errors do you see? What abn see? What percent of total Spirograms did you review?	ormals do you
52.04	Are abnormal results followed up by a Provider? Abnormal results such as: poor results although valid test, not repeatable results, excessive rate of decline in FEV1 >15% decline from baseline, any values below LLN, or any other abnormal results.	
52.05	Is Spirometry data being captured in SPIROLA on all new visits requiring spirometry? (explain why no	ot below)
52.06	Does calibration syringe have current calibration verification sticker/report from Manufacturer or Bio Repair? Validate calibration syringes every 1-3 years. Are calibration checks being performed daily w use and results falls between 2.91 L and 3.09 L? Is the Daily calibration information printed on the Sp report and retained in the workers record or retained for 30 years with the ability to retrieve calibrat	/hen in provide the second s
52.07	Does the technician recognize Sensor errors and deletes if they occur? 1. Sensor contamination/Blo by condensation/mucus fingers or 2. Zero-flow error, air moving through the sensor due to movem sensor, fans in room or overhead air system. (list any other errors below and corrective action)	
52.08	Has the technician attended a NIOSH approved Spirometry certification or recertification course? (Certificates are current for 5 years? List certified technicians and dates of expiration.2020 COVID pandemic NIOSH extended 18 months Spirometry expiration,)	

		Program 52 SpirometryOMPA	
#	Assessment Questions	Response	
52.09	Are technicians following the NIOSH and ACOEM procedure for performing Occupational spirometry using proper techniques? Is there an Annual Competency policy for each Spirometry qualified techn including reviewing Spirometry reports and actual observations while performing Spirometry.?		
52.10	The technician ensures a valid test, which is composed of at least 3 acceptable maneuvers with at least 2 ("repeatable") results for both FVC and FEV1. Check the MEXT (back extrapolation) to ensure no excessive hesitation less than 100ml for FVCs <= 2L or 5% criteria for FVC > 2L.		
52.11	The technician checks for repeatability between the largest and second largest FVC and FEV1 and keeps those with a difference of greater or equal to 150 ml between two highest FVC, and greater or equal to 150 ml between the two highest FEV1. (If not repeatable, why :"Variable effort, Poor effort, Fatigued, Syncope during attempt").		
ADDITIONALCOMMENTS:			

Provide specific information to support your responses from the questions above in the space provided below

DASHBOARD REPORT

The importance of assessing and scoring your program for successes and challenges cannot be underestimated in value. The scoring results of this assessment will be reviewed by your program manager or regional nurse to better assist, support and mentor your clinic as needed. If during the self-assessment process above you have determined that your program needs improvement (or you have a total program score or 3,2, or 1) you must compete the performance Improvement plan section of this OMPA Tool.



<u>CONGRATULATIONSI</u> <u>YOU HAVE COMPLETED THE PROGRAM 52</u> <u>SPIROMETRY</u>

PROCESS IMPROVEMENT PLAN

If during the self-assessment process above you have determined that the PROGRAM INTEGRATION program needs improvement (or you have a total program status of <3) complete the following PIP. This is an ongoing plan that must be updated until your program status has improved to >3.

Date PIP initiated:

Describe your plan including steps for success in the box below then proceed to submission section:		
Date of PIP update #1		

Enter 1st PIP status and update information in box below:

VEC			
VEC			
	HAS YOUR PROGRAM IMPROVED TO >3? (If YES no additional PIP is needed. If NO proceed with PIP and update at required interval)	YES	NO

HAS YOUR PROGRAM IMPROVED TO >3? (If YES no additional PIP is needed. If NO proceed with PIP and update at required interval)	YES	NO

Date of PIP update #3

Date of PIP update #2